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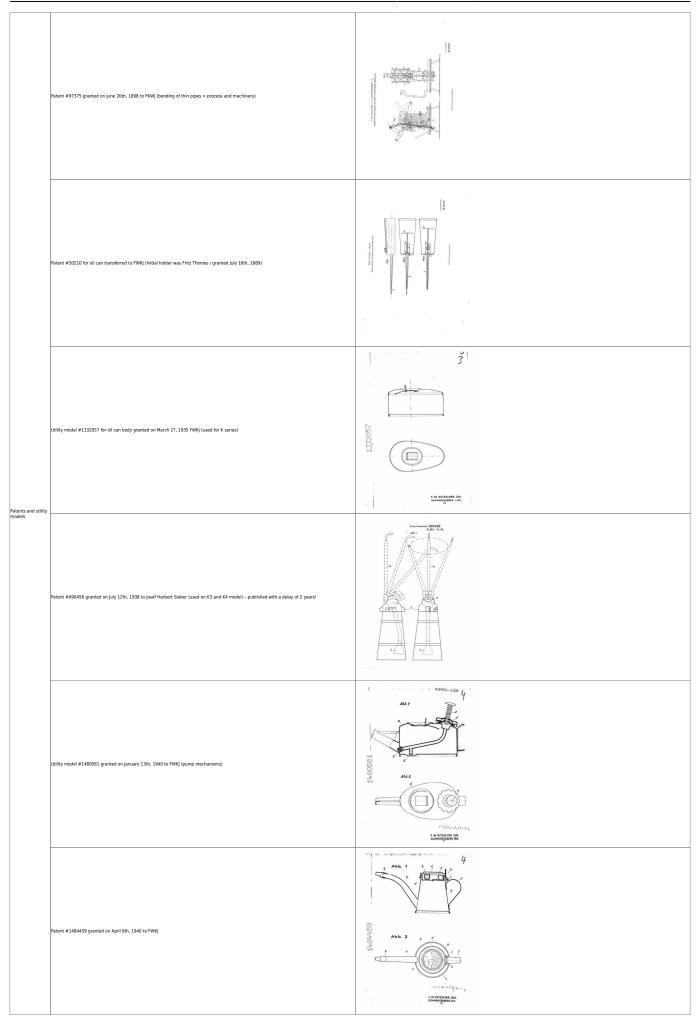
Brief h 1960)

Friedrich Wilhelm Kutzscher (jun.)

| Established | 1879 (according to letterhead) 1829/tuce of first //tuckschefahrlink (see Wirtschafts-Chronik page 60) | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|--|
| Foundar | 1891 (according to commercial registration) Friedrich Wilhelm Kutzscher sen. after being freshly trained at the new "Fachschule für Klempner und Blecharbeiter" in Aue that was founded in 1873 | 991 (according to commercial registration) edicity of the second se | | |
| Founder | The 1891 company was founded by his son F.W. Kutzscher junior (in the following referred to as FWKJ) | E W Kutzahan iun | | |
| Adress(es) | Schwarzenberg (Erz Mountains)/Saxony adverts below and the catalogue cover to the right from 1919 indicate that FWKJ had various locations in Schwarzenberg | F. W. Kutzscher jun. | | |
| Operations | Four main branches of operations by F.W. Kutuscher and his son in historical order: - Oil Caris and other sheet metal products (Product range 1941 to the right) plus - Noulds for chocolate and confectionery - Design and manufacturing of moulds and specialised machinery for the glassmaking industry - Chinaware | <complex-block></complex-block> | | |
| | Founded in 1879 in Schwarzenberg by Friedrich Wilhelm Kutzscher. Since 1891 it was known as "F.W. Kutzscher jun," and used for the production of metalware of drawn, pressed, punched and embossed objects (moulds). In 1904, Kutzscher began producing moulds for chocolate and conflectionery. 1905 Acutzscher began producing moulds for chocolate and conflectionery. 1905 Acutzscher began producing moulds for chocolate and conflectionery. 1905 Acutzscher Jone Confliction of the metal mould producer, August Riecke which was as as well a maker of specialized machines for the glass industry and moulds for both glass and chocolate making. This company was was later known as "Fr. Wilhelm Kutzscher" and produced in the former Riecke factory in Deubert/Dresden. 1913 Approximately 300 employees | | | |
| | 1914 - 1918 World War I | E 10 K to be the Coherenceberry I Co | | |
| | 1926 Letterhead (without logo) 1929 Chocolate mould production was phased out 1939's chinavere production was stopped, and logo started to be used on oil cans. Before that time I have found solely one can with a "K" soldered out of wire pieces to a railroad oil can (details see below) | F. W. Kutzscher jun, Schwarzenberg i. Sa. Harden von der Arte State Harden von der Arte State Part auf State | | |
| | With numerous patents Kutzscher was at that time one of the most important glass machine manufacturers. | | | |
| 1500) | 1938 – 1945 Worki Wur II Daring the war YWRI employed approximately 650 employees. The military production focused on the production of thrust nozzles for jet airplanes. Letterhead from 1939 to the right. | | | |
| | Post war summary: | | | |
| | F-W.Kutzscher jun 1946 Diassembly of manufacturing operations. Small scale production of parts for farming machines, waste bins and roof windows. The lack of direct rail access created already during wartime and afterwards difficulties in the logistics of potentially interested manufacturers. The company was not immediately suppraided as in 1956 main manufacturing facilities have been rented to VEB Waschgerätewerk. Schwarzenberg (former Krausswerkahamed Plant I) by Charlotte Klara Freilag (daugiter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kutzscher jun + 1962). In the records of VEB Waschgerätewerk Schwarzenberg Kutzscher facilities are 1958 28 employees (!!!) 1958 28 employees (!!!) 1958 29 employees (!!!) 1958 29 employees (!!!) 1958 20 employees (!!!) 1954 20 etail form commercial engister atter close to 100 years of history 1946 FW Kutscher (glass) 1946 FW Kutscher (glass) 1947 FW Kutscher (glass) 1946 FW Kutscher (glass) 1946 FW Kutscher (glass) 1946 FW Kutscher (glass) 1947 FW Kutscher (glass) 1947 FW Kutscher (glass) 1947 FW Kutscher (glass) 1948 FW Kutscher (gla | | | |
| Status 2021 | The core of the main building of PW Kutscher jun. in Schwarzenberg (Gartenstrasse 13-15) still exists. It was built between 1908 and 1914 and is protected as historic monument. After more than 15 years as nearly abandoned place it was sold by the Kutscher heirs in 2014/15 to a private investor. Supported by subsidies from the state the new owner has started to enovate the building 2017. Glass manufacturing operations, with various changes in between, continued till the successor company "Glasmaschinenbau Freital GmbH" was liquidated in 2019. | Anyone able and willing to contribute a current picture? | | |
| Oil can history | see in the latenheads above. the logs has been introduced between 1026 and 1039. Before that time to my knowledge no identification of F.W. Kutzscher jun, as the manufacturer was on the oil cans. However, I found one very oid oil can that carries a "K" which could likely be either a link to the K Kutzscher jun tertaining in the logs has been introduced between 1026 and 1039. Before that time to my knowledge no identification of F.W. Kutzscher jun, as the manufacturer was on the oil cans. However, I found one very oid oil can that carries a "K" which could likely be either a link to the K Kutzscher jun tertaining intervention acquired several oil can related intellectual property list below). These patents and utility models however represent just a fraction of the several dozens of IP documents filed in the glass manufacturing branch of activities. It is historical excurse: The propagities of theoreticity on non-fermic metals was not as obvious and only in recent research (Ti n and glabal capitalismi 1056-0000) pixes 35cherner2204 (Ju brought some interesting noisphs: % of pacacetime copper and, for oil cans more important, 98% of the tin was in pacetimes imported, mostly from overseas and in wartines under the "new" gas and spot-welded construction reduces the dependency on foreign timplated sheet metal and tin (used for soft soldering). The whole oil can, once assembled, w at a with a protective coat of either hot zin or paint. Which is a protective coat of either hot zin or paint. # "K-range" of % as a start of a on oil cans was filed which later determined the start of what I would call the "K-range" of oil cans produced in large quantities during the war for civil and military use. Some of these (especially the model "K2") are very common on Ebay today which is a very good indicator # "K-range" of the set of an oil can was filed which later determined the start of what I would call the "K-range" of oil cans produced in large quantities during the war for civil and military use. Some of these (espec | | | |
|] | Interestingly the "K-range" did not appear in any advertisement I have found so far. Some of the oil cans demonstrate that manufacturing knowledge for the very detailed chocolate moulds was transferred and vice versa to create the | probably most esthetically appealing oil can ever produced in Germany (see 2nd picture below). | | |

| Last | |
|------------|--|
| update: | manufacturer_wholesaler:kutzscher https://www.fineoilcans.com/doku.php?id=manufacturer_wholesaler:kutzscher&rev=1635243710 |
| 2021/10/26 | |
| 12.21 | |

| 12:21 | | |
|---------|--|--|
| Di Cans | Old oil can marked "K" | |
| | "Most beautiful German oil can" | |
| | Oil can with spout similar to the above | |
| | Oil can with brass closing cap of pump mechanism similar to the above | |
| | The 'K-range' K1, K3-7 will follow as soon as I have good cans and pictures K2 | |
| | кз | |
| | ка | |



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| 12:21 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Catalogue pages | One catalogue from 1905 was sold on Ebay several years ago - unfortunately I missed it. | Let me know if you have a catalogue! | | | |
| Adverts | Advert 1912 | <image/> | | | |
| | Advert 1914 | F. W. Kutzscher jun. Schwarzaberz Sa. 54 08: will Schüft- Gerfüse Schwarzaberz Jan 54 187 J. | | | |
| | Paper seal 20 %30's | EUR EUR DELA SCHMIERGERÄSSE FÜR OELA SCHMIERGERÄSSE FÜR SCHIVEN ALLEN THE TRATE | | | |
| | Advert 1924 | Put Autoacther Jan, Michael Waternaherk Beitragen State Beitragen State Beitra | | | |
| | Advert mid 1930's > very interesting as it contains a reference to the UK competitor Josef Kaye & Sons Ltd. The advert shows a non-pie-crust patented seamless syphon oil can and a reference to "so called Kaye's can". Whether it is an oil can that was copied or just added to the program needs some further research work. | F. W. Kuitzscher im Berlingen Schwarzenberg 10 (Bulaes) Schwarzenberg 20 (Bulaes) Schwarzenberg | | | |
| | Advert 1939 | EW.KUCZSCHEFT, Contraction of the second sec | | | |
| Thanks to Further references | Dieter Neumann and his extensive research focused on the glass manufacturing branch of Kutzscher | | | | |
| - an and references | | | | | |

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Permanent link: https://www.fineoilcans.com/doku.php?id=manufacturer_wholesaler:kutzscher&rev=1635243710

Last update: 2021/10/26 12:21

