Friedrich Wilhelm Kutzscher (jun.)



Established	1879 (according to letterhead) 1882 Picture of first "Kutzscherfabrik" (see Wirtschafts-Chronik page 60) 1981 (according to commercial registration)		
Founder	Day 1 decounding of commercial registration) Friedrich Wilhelm Kutzscher sen, after being freshly trained at the new "Fachschule für Klempner und Blecharbeiter" in Aue that was founded in 1873. The 1910 company was funded by this son F.W. Kutzscher junior (in the following referred to as FWK))		
Adress(es)	Schwarzenberg (Erz Mountains)/Saxony adverts below and the catalogue cover to the right from 1919 indicate that FWKJ had various locations in Schwarzenberg	F. W. Kutzscher jun. Metallwaren-Fabrik	
Operations	Four main branches of operations by E.W. Kubacher and his son in historical order: - Ol Case and other sheet metal products (Product range 1941 to the right) plus - Nodis for choosite and confectionery - Design and manufacturing of moulds and specialised machinery for the glassmaking industry - Chinsware		
	Founded in 1879 in Schwarzenberg by Friedrich Wilhelm Kutzscher. Since 1891 it was known as "Fr. W. Kutzscher jun." and used for the production of metalware of drawn, pressed, punched and embossed objects (moulds). In 1904, Kutzscher began producing moulds for chocolate and confectionery. DoB scapulation of the metal mould producer, Anguat Reve which was a well a maker of specialized machines for the glass industry and moulds for both glass and chocolate making. This company was was later known as "Fr. Wilhelm Kutzscher" and produced in the former Riecke factory in DeubenDresden. In 1906 Kutzscher founded a third company "Fr. W. Kutzscher & Co." in Obersachsenfeld near Schwarzenberg to produce chinaware. ISI3 Approximately 300 employees ISI4 - 1918 World War i		
	1926 Externeed (without logo) 1926 Letterhead (without logo) 1929 Chocolate moduli production was phased out 1930's chinaware production was stopped, and logo started to be used on oil cans. Before that time I have found solely one can with a "K" soldered out of wire pieces to a railmoad oil can (details see below) With numerous patents Kutzscher was at that time one of the most important glass machine manufacturers.	F. W. Kutzscher jun, Schwarzenberg i. Sa.	
	The material states of the second states of the second state of the mass implicating glass matching matching states at 1945 World War II During the war FWQ employed approximately 650 employees. The military production focused on the production of thrust nozzles for jet airplanes. Letterhead from 1939 to the right.		
	Pest war summary: [#V.KUSZcher jun] [Pad Deassembly of manufacturing operations, Small scale production of parts for farming machines, waste bins and roof windows. The lack of direct rail access created already during wartime and alterwards difficulties in the logistics of potentially interested manufactures. The company was not immediately interested as in 1356 main manufacturing facilities have been reticed to VEB Waschgerätewerk. Schwarzenberg (Gomer Kausswerkeinamed Plant II) by Charlotte Kara Freitag (daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kutscher jun +1962). In the records of VEB Waschgerätewerk Schwarzenberg Kutscher facilities are taked as Plant II) by Charlotte Kara Freitag (daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kutscher jun +1962). In the records of VEB Waschgerätewerk Schwarzenberg Kutscher facilities are taked as Plant II) by State of the takes of the story of VEB Waschgerätewerk Schwarzenberg Kutscher facilities and Plant Of function Friedrich Wilhelm Kutscher Jun +1962). In the records of VEB Waschgerätewerk Schwarzenberg Kutscher facilities are taked as Plant II) by Charlotte Friedrich Wilhelm Kutscher Jun +1962. In the records of VEB Waschgerätewerk Schwarzenberg Kutscher facilities are taked as Plant II) by Charlotte Friedrich Wilhelm Kutscher Jun +1962. In the records of VEB Waschgerätewerk Schwarzenberg Kutscher facilities are taked as Plant II) by Charlotte Friedrich VEB Waschgerätewerk Schwarzenberg Kutscher Facilities are 1982 abendy for a state facilities and taked as Plant II) by Charlotte Friedrich VEB Waschgerätewerk III) 1982 abendy for a state of take to log to Jouyeers of history		
	196 F W Kutzscher (glass) Was expropriated already in 1946, disassembled and renamed to "Glasmaschinenbau Freilal"). Kutzscher descentustfamily members moved with construction details to the western part of Germany and restarted the business. 1950 new establishment of F. W. Kutzscher Grohelt in Kiel by relatives and descendants of the founder. The core of the main building of W Kutzscher (inn. Sith schurzehben (Gaterstanzense 13-15) still exists. It was built between 1908 and 1914 and is		
Status 2021	protected as historic monument. After more than 12 years as nearly abandoned place it was sold by the Kutzscher heirs in 2014/15 to a private investor. Supported by subsidies from the state the new owner has stated to renovate the building 2017. Glass manufacturing operations, with various changes in between, continued till the successor company "Glasmaschinenbau Freital GmbH" was ingridated in 2019.		
	Based in the letterheads above, the logo has been introduced between 1926 and 1929. Before that time to my knowledge no identification of F.W. Kutscher jun, as the manufacturer was on the oil cans. However, I found one very oid oil can that carries a "K" which could likely be either a link to the Knausswerke or Kutscher but certainly not to the most finance oil can "K" of josef Kaye 6 Sons Ltd in the UK. K. Kutscher junc registered and acquired several oil can related intellectual property (list below). These patents and utility models however represent just a faction of the several dozens of IP documents filed in the glass manufacturing branch of activities. A little historical excurse: In the propaganda of the Naai Regime Germany was described as a country without essential raw material ("have-not"). Whether fully the or not this helped with driving forward their autarky policy (self-sufficiency). Among the strategic materials were oil, copper and tin. With technology to gain oil out of coal one foors was set. The dependency on non-ferons metals was not as obvious and oil in recent research ("It and global captualism 1855-2000 by Juncs"). Oth of pacetime capper and, for oil cans more important, 50% of the in was in pacetimes imported, mostly from overses and in autorial to the tread of a sea blockade from English (as energy). The woll also english would be the tread of a sea blockade form English distentery on the intellectual registers. The propagandia of for oil cans more important, 50% of the in was in pacetimes imported, mostly from overses and in autorial to the tread of a sea blockade from English distenters or the intellectual to coal one forms form the most and the solution of 1100 and 1240. It is stated that the "new" as and as obviolated form reduces the dependency on non-ferons metals was the solution on the most interaction of the woll of a sea blockade from English distenters or the former reduces the dependency on non-ferons metals was the solution on the most interaction of the woll o		
Oil can history	Inits self-stimulicity efforts are explicitely memore in the justicitation for utility model #1494493 from 1440. It is stated that the "new gas and spor-weeked construction reduces the expendency on toreign triptated sheet metal and the (used for soft soldering). Ine whole out can, once assembled, would be tracked with a protective cad of efforts that can be into the construction reduces the expendency on toreign triptated sheet metal and the (used for soft soldering with higher temperatures and silver alloys) on their oil can. State of soft soldering was a key theme as well in the former German Democratic Republic and this technology was used for decades (example oil cans from VEB BLEWA Schleiz). I have seen apart from welding traces as well bracing (hard soldering with higher temperatures and silver alloys) on their oil cans.		
	The "K-range" In the mid 30's a patent for an oil can was filed which later determined the start of what I would call the "K-range" of oil cans produced in large quan sturdiness.	tities during the war for civil and military use. Some of these (especially the model "K2") are very common on Ebay today which is a very good indicator for their	
Some of the oil cans demonstrate that manufacturing knowledge for the very detailed chocolate moulds was transferred and vice versa to create the probably most esthetically appealing oil can ever produced in Germany (see 2nd picture below).			

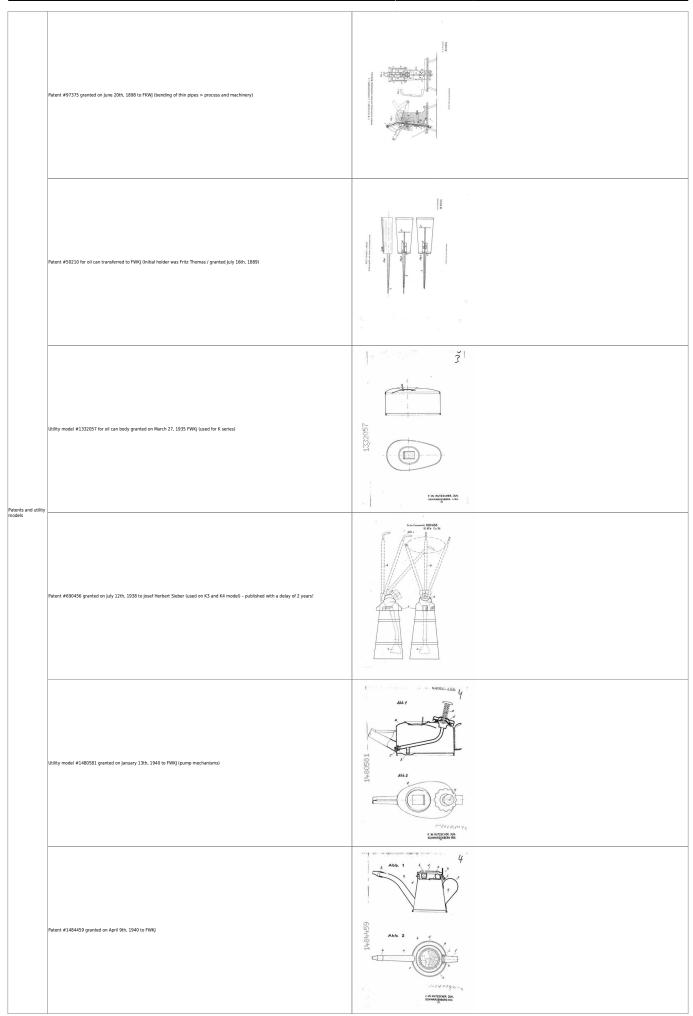
Last				
update:	nanufacturer wholesaler:kutzscher htt	ps://www.fineoilcans.com/doku.php?id=mar	nufacturer_wholesaler:kutzscher&rev=16352451	23
2021/10/20			-	
13.45				

12:45	2:45			
0i Cans	Old oil can marked "K"			
	"Most beautiful German oil can"			
	Oil can with spout similar to the above			
	Oil can with brass closing cap of pump mechanism similar to the above The 'K-range' K1, K5.7 will follow as soon as I have good cans and pictures			
	In Frange AL, ACH an house as soon as many good cans and publics			
	13			
	ка			



3/4

kutzscher



Fine oil cans - https://www.fineoilcans.com/

12.45			
Catalogue	One catalogue from 1905 was sold on Ebay several years ago - unfortunately I missed it.	Let me know if you have a catalogue!	
Adverts	Advert 1912	F.W.Kutzscher jun. Delkannenfabrik Schwarzenberg Sa. (%) Gegründet 1879.	
	Advert 1914	F. W. Kutzscher jun.	
	Paper seal 20%/30%	UT.SOUTH STELLALFARAIE FÜR OEL-SOHMIERGEÄSSE FÜR SCHINEN MASE SCHINEN MASE THE MASE	
	Advert 1924	P-W-Kutasacher/Aun, Mahaliwa renfabrik Oshurd Bentingstille	
	Advert mid 1930's > very interesting as it contains a reference to the UK competitor Josef Kaye & Sons Ltd. The advert shows a non-pie-crust patented seamless syption oil can and a reference to "so called Kaye's can". Whether it is an oil can that was copied or Just added to the program needs some further research work.	F. W. Kuitzscher jun. Enkanz Schwarzenberg 10 (sudaw) Sprinzer Schwarzenberg 20 (sudaw) Schwarzenberg 20 (sudaw	
	Advert 1939 Dieter Neumann and his extensive research focused on the glass manufacturing branch of Kutzscher. A summary of his research can be found here	EW.Kutzscherjr Contractioner Contr	
Further references	Wirtschaft-Chronik; Ein Streifzug durch die Wirtschaftsgeschichte der Stadt Schwarzenberg im Erzgebirge, herausgegeben von der Stadt Schwarzenb	erg anlässlich der 850-Jahr-Feier, 1. Auflage 2000	

